

Surgical Safety &

Surgical Site Infection Prevention

March 12, 2019

Welcome & Housekeeping



- Today's webinar is being recorded and the link along with the slide deck will be sent to attendees within a few days.
- Utilizing the chat feature, please type your name, title and organization.
- Polling questions are included with the presentation. If unable to use the voting feature, please utilize the chat to respond.
- All lines are open for comment HOWEVER, when not speaking, please place telephone line on mute and do NOT place your line on hold as this will disrupt the audio.

Our Mission





- Engage and inspire health care providers
- Create safe cultures
- Create reliable systems of care
- Prevent patient harm in Indiana

We partner under the key principle that we don't compete on patient safety

Program Intent



Advance the conversation among Indiana hospitals around surgical safety and preventative measures to avoid surgical site infections (SSI)



Polling Question #1

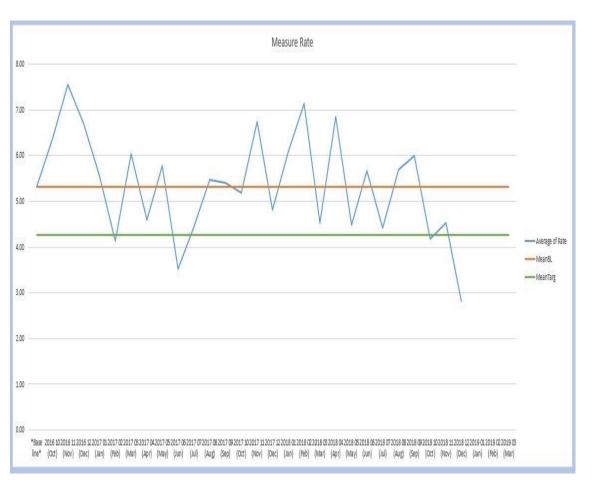


Who is with us today?

- OR
- Pre-op
- PACU
- Nursing (non surgery team)
- Infection Prevention
- Environmental Services
- Central Processing/Central Sterile
- Pharmacy
- Other –utilize the chat box with your role/discipline, if not listed above

Surgical Site Infections — Colon Indiana Impact





- Baseline Rate per 100 discharge: 5.33
- Current project to date rate per 100 discharge: 5.41
- Total cost to Indiana: \$1,039,149
- Total infections to date:
 704

Surgical Site Infection: Abdominal Hysterectomy Indiana Impact

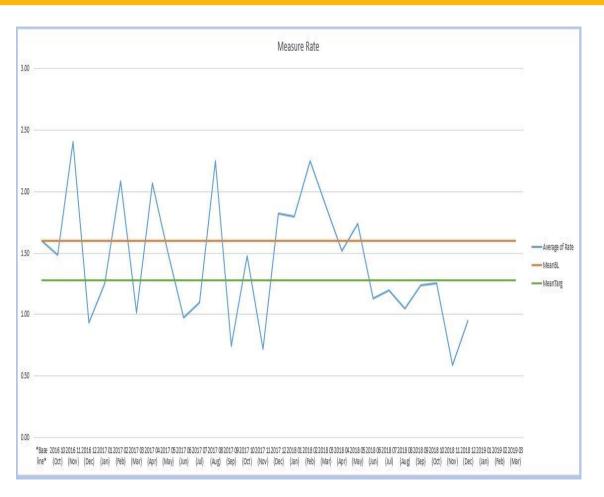




- Baseline Rate per 100 discharge: 1.45
- Current project to date rate per 100 discharge: 1.54
- Total cost to Indiana is \$214,709
- Total infections to date:
 194

Surgical Site Infection: Hips Indiana Impact

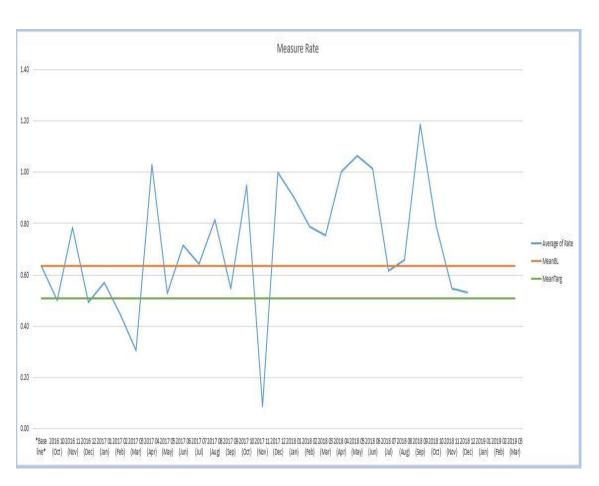




- Baseline Rate per 100 discharge: 1.6
- Current project to date rate per 100 discharge: 1.44
- Total savings to Indiana is \$508,896
- Total infections to date:
 235

Surgical Site Infection: Knees Indiana Impact





- Baseline Rate per 100 discharge: 0.64
- Current project to date rate per 100 discharge: 0.72
- Total cost to Indiana is \$837,055
- Total infections to date:
 192

Collective Impact to Indiana



- Total Cost to Indiana due to Surgical Site Infections from the HIIN since October of 2016 to December of 2018: \$1,582,017
- Total Surgical Site Infections for procedures of colons, abdominal hysterectomies, knees, and hips: 1,325

Welcome Barb DeBaun





Barbara DeBaun, RN, MSN, CIC Improvement Advisor Cynosure Health

SSI Event #1 Polling Recap



Who from our team is responsible for assigning wound classification for surgical cases?

57% Nursing

40% Surgeon

3% Other

We have hardwired practices to ensure administration of the right antibiotic, weight based and re-administered, if indicated?

72% Yes

28% No

SSI Event #1 Polling Recap



How are you communicating your hospital's SSI activity and outcomes?		
56%	Collect data & share in committee meetings	
44%	Collect data & share with all stakeholders including surgeons	

Our colorectal surgery team:		
45%	Changes gloves and uses instruments that have not been used during surgery for closing	
14%	Does not change gloves but uses instruments that have not been used during surgery for closing	
3%	Does not use "new" instruments for closing but changes gloves	
38%	I'm not sure what they do	

Call to Action



- Conduct gap analysis where are your opportunities?
- Evaluate your wound classification process Is it working well?
 Have you validated the process accuracy?



- Does your antibiotic administration practice follow evidence-based practice?
- Does your bowel prep include mechanical, oral antibiotic or both?
- Are there opportunities to better communicate among your team not only SSI outcomes but process improvement opportunities?
- Prepare to share your findings during our next SSI Prevention event

What did you do?





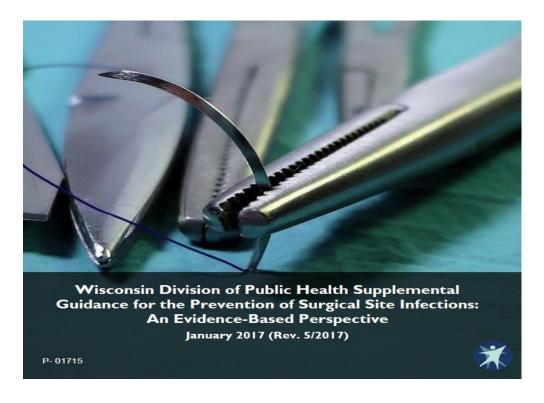
SSI Guidelines



JAMA Surgery | Special Communication

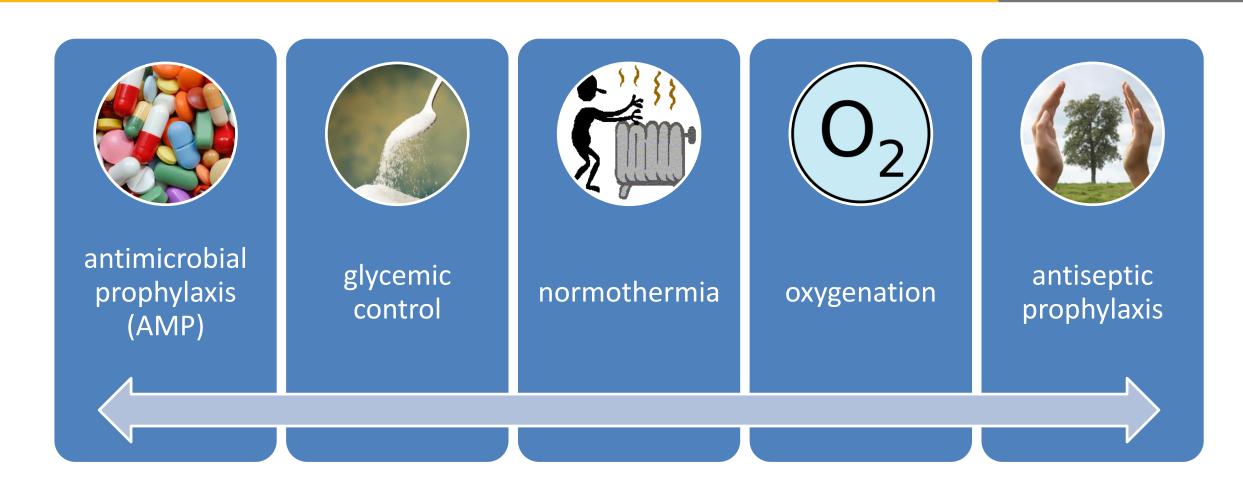
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention Guideline for the Prevention of Surgical Site Infection, 2017

Sandra I. Berrios-Torres, MD; Cralg A. Umscheid, MD, MSCE; Dale W. Bratzler, DO, MPH; Brian Leas, MA, MS; Erin C. Stone, MA; Rachel R. Kelz, MD, MSCE; Caroline E. Reinke, MD, MSHP; Sherry Morgan, RN, MLS, PhD; Joseph S. Solomkin, MD; John E. Mazuski, MD, PhD; E. Patchen Dellinger, MD; Kamal M. F. Itani, MD; Elie F. Berbari, MD; John Segreti, MD; Javad Parvizi, MD; Joan Blanchard, MSS, BSN, RN, CNOR, CIC; George Allen, PhD, CIC, CNOR; Jan A. J. W. Kluytmans, MD; Rodney Donlan, PhD; William P. Schecter, MD; for the Healthcare infection Control Practices Advisory Committee



Interventions for All Procedures





Today's Conversation Partner





Columbus Regional Hospital Columbus, Indiana

160 bed acute care hospital

Kim Reed, RN MSN FNP-C Nurse Practitioner Nurse Manager Surgical Services Quality Outcomes

Polling Question #2



I am fully confident that we provide the right antibiotic, at the right time, in the right dose/frequency for our surgical patients.

- Yes
- No
- Not sure

Antimicrobial Prophylaxis

- Only when indicated
- Selection
- Time
- Weight based
- No re-dosing after incision is closed, even in presence of a drain (clean and cleancontaminated)



Preoperative Antimicrobial Agents



HICPAC SSI Prevention Guidelines

- No recommendation for weight based dosing
- No recommendation for intra operative redosing

WDPH SSI Prevention Guidance

- Follow the 2013 American
 Society of Health-System
 Pharmacists (ASHP) guidelines
- Give based on BMI or weight in kilograms
- Base re-dosing on drug halflife and duration of surgery

Discussion





Polling Question #3



We have a system in place to measure glucose levels for ALL surgical patients.

- Yes
- No
- Not sure

Glycemic Control

 Maintain perioperative blood glucose levels
 <200mg/dl in ALL surgical patients

NOT ONLY DIABETICS



Glycemic Control



HICPAC SSI Prevention Guidelines

- No recommendation regarding the safety and effectiveness of lower or narrower BG target levels and SSI
- No recommendation for hemoglobin A1C target levels and risk of SSI

WDPH SSI Prevention Guidance

- Avoid increased risk of hypoglycemic events and increased mortality associated with tight glycemic control
- Maintain hemoglobin A1C level <6.7

Discussion





Polling Question #4

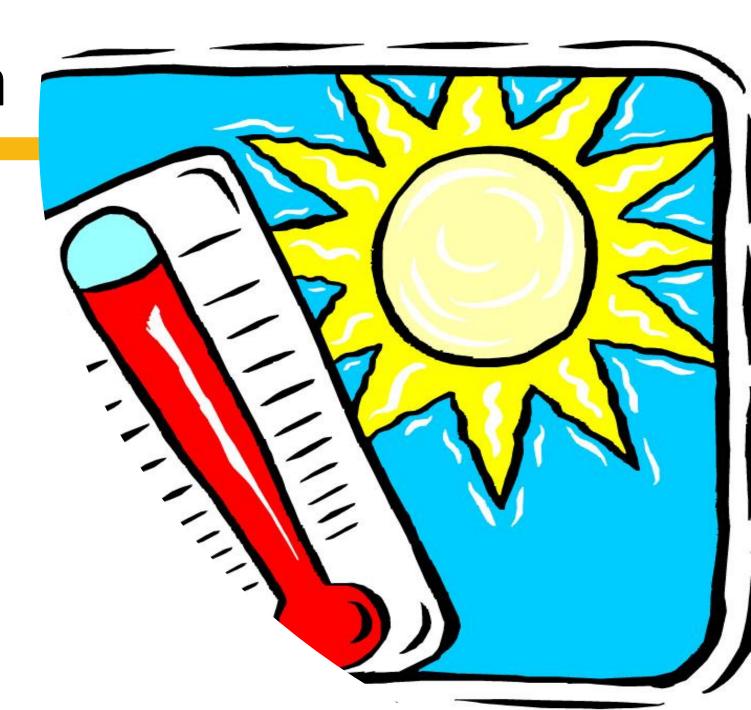


We have a process in place to assure normothermia for all surgical patients.

- Yes
- No
- Not sure

Normothermia

- 35.5 C or more
- Mild degrees of hypothermia can increase SSI risk
- Impacts circulation, coagulation, medication metabolism and wound healing



Normothermia



HICPAC SSI Prevention Guidelines

 No recommendation regarding safety or efficacy of normothermia strategies, ranges or duration

WDPH SSI Prevention Guidance

 Consider use of forced-air warming to reduce incidence of SSI's

Discussion





Polling Question #5



We utilize oxygen supplementation for our colon surgery patients.

- Yes
- No
- Not sure

Oxygenation



- Pre/intra/post operatively
- Optimizes tissue oxygenation and reduces SSI risk
- Low cost and simple



Oxygenation



HICPAC SSI Prevention Guidelines

No recommendation for high oxygen supplementation

WDPH SSI Prevention Guidance

 Consider use of high oxygen supplementation as an SSI risk reduction strategy during colorectal procedures

Discussion





Polling Question #6



We have a reliable process in place to provide pre-operative skin antisepsis to our surgical patients.

- Yes
- No
- Not sure

Antiseptic Prophylaxis





Pre-op and Perioperatively



Antiseptic Prophylaxis



HICPAC SSI Prevention Guidelines

 Advise patients to shower or bathe (full body) with either soap (antimicrobial or nonantimicrobial) or an antiseptic agent on at least the night before the operative day

WDPH SSI Prevention Guidance

Ensure that all patients undergoing elective surgical procedures involving skin incisions undergo a standardized preadmission shower/cleansing with 4% aqueous or 2% (cloth coated) CHG

Patient Family Engagement





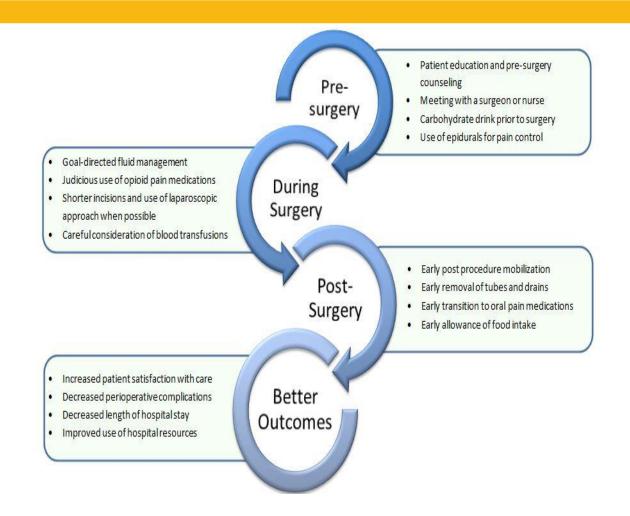
Barriers: How to get over them





Enhanced Recovery After Surgery





Polling Question #7



Traffic in our surgical suites is:

- Totally under control
- Totally out of control
- Could be better

Discovery





Red Cap





Surgical Care Bundle



Table II. Selective elements of the surgical care bundle from the evidence-based literature⁸³⁻⁹¹

Appropriate antimicrobial prophylaxis	Antimicrobial (triclosan) sutures
Weight-based dosing	Smoking cessation
Glycemic control	Staphylococcal surveillance (cardiothoracic and orthopedic procedures)
Normothermia	Oral antibiotics plus mechanical bowel preparation (colorectal)
Appropriate hair removal	Minimally invasive surgery
Supplemental O₂ (colorectal procedures)	Short duration of surgery
Use of wound edge protectors	Glove change prior to fascia and skin closure
Dedicated wound closure tray for fascia and skin	Limit traffic in the operating room
Pre-operative 4% CHG shower or 2% CHG cleansing	CHG cleansing of surgical wound
70% alcohol with 2% CHG perioperative skin preparation	Keep sterile dressing intact for first 48 hours

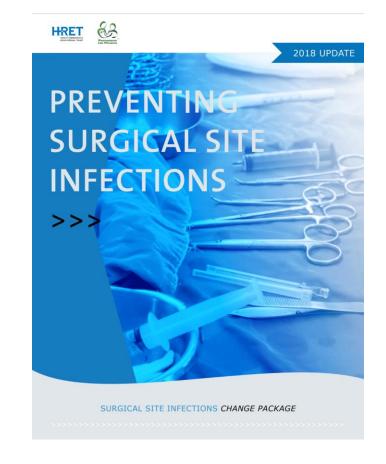
HRET HIIN Resources

http://www.hret-hiin.org/topics/surgical-site-infection.shtml



PART 5: APPENDICES APPENDIX I: SURGICAL SITE INFECTION (SSI) TOP TEN CHECKLIST Associated Hospital/Organization: HRET HIIN Purpose of Tool: A checklist to review current or initiate new interventions for SSI prevention in your facility Reference: www.hret-hiin.org







SSI Prevention Podcasts





- Focus on the important role that patient and family engagement has in reducing SSI harms
- Practical tips for how to promote practices designed to prevent Surgical Site Infections

SSI Prevention: We Can't Do It Without the Patient and Family

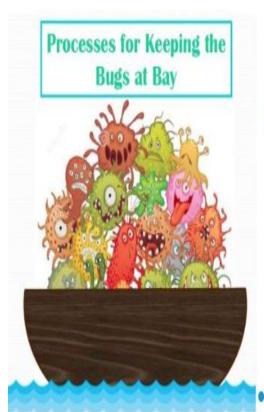


SSI Prevention: A Simple Way to Measure Process

SSI Prevention: Making the Right Thing the Easy Thing To Do

APIC Indiana





APIC Indiana Spring

Preconference and Conference

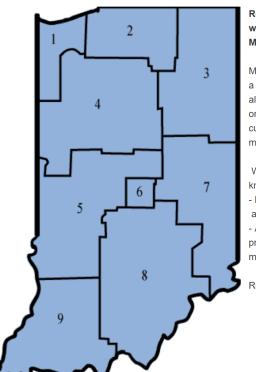
April 25 and 26 2019

Immi Conference Center

Westfield, Indiana

Click here for registration

Region Map and Directors



Regional meetings provide an opportunity to meet and network with other infection preventionists in our areas of the state.

Meeting schedules vary by region.

Maintaining contact with our regional representatives also provides a way for state and national information to reach our members. It also is a way information gets back to the board of directors. In order to be included on your region's e-mail list, receive updates and current information, please contact your regions representative and make sure you are on their regional roster.

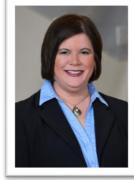
When contacting your regional representative, you can also let them know:

- If you have internet access
 and your e-mail address if you have one.
- Any information or service that APIC Indiana can do to make the practice of infection prevention better for you and your fellow APIC members.

Regional Directors listed on the Board of Directors Page

Quality and Patient Safety Team





Karin Kennedy Vice President, Quality and Patient Safety 317-423-7737 kkennedy@IHAconnect.org



Annette Handy
Clinical Director, Quality and Patient Safety
317-423-7795
ahandy@IHAconnect.org



Becky Hancock
Patient Safety & Quality Advisor
317-423-7799
rhancock@IHAconnect.org



Madeline Wilson
Patient Safety & Quality Advisor
317-974-1407
mwilson@IHAconnect.org



Casey Hutchens
Patient Safety Project Coordinator
317-974-1457
chutchens@IHAconnect.org



Patrick Nielsen
Patient Safety Data Analyst
317-423-7740
pnielsen@IHAconnect.org



Rachel Kimmel
Tobacco Prevention &
Cessation Quality Advisor
317-423-7728
rkimmel@IHAconnect.org



Kim Radant
Consultant, Special Projects
kradant@IHAconnect.org



Shelby Hornback
Patient Safety Intern
shornback@IHAconnect.org